- **34.** 1.594
- **35.** 1.232
- **36.** 1.486
- **37.** 1.581
- **38.** 4.807
- **39.** -0.860
- **40.** -1.358
- **41.** yes; Using the change-of-base formula, the equation can be graphed as $y = \frac{\log x}{\log 3}$.
- **42.** 3
- 43. 60 decibels
- **44.** 10 decibels
- **45. a.** $2 \ln 2 \approx 1.39 \text{ knots}$

b.
$$s(h) = 2 \ln 100h$$

$$s(h) = \ln(100h)^2$$

$$e^{s(h)} = e^{\ln(100h)^2}$$

$$e^{s(h)} = (100h)^2$$

$$\log e^{s(h)} = \log(100h)^2$$

$$s(h)\log e = 2\log(100h)$$

$$s(h)\log e = 2(\log 100 + \log h)$$

$$s(h)\log e = 2(2 + \log h)$$

$$s(h) = \frac{2}{\log e} (\log h + 2)$$